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REM BBC BASIC FOR WINDOWS (BB4W) program to convert a 4:4:4 YUV file to
REM RGB by video decoding.

REM (c) Alan Roberts 2010

SYS "SetWindowText", @hwnd%, "(3) Generate RGB bitmap file from 4:4:4 YUV bitmap file."

REM Start with the coding equations.

eqn% = OPENIN "Coding equations.txt"

IF eqn% = 0 THEN
  PRINT "Can't find coding equations file (Coding equations.txt). Press any key to exit."
  IF GET QUIET : REM we're not doing any more, so close the window
ENDIF

line$ = FNinput(eqn%) : REM read the first line from the file
IF line$ <> "Coding equations" THEN
  PRINT "File 'Coding equations.txt' is not correct. Press any key to exit."
  IF GET QUIET : REM we're not doing any more, so close the window
ENDIF

REPEAT : REM scan the file, ignoring comments (lines starting with //), looking for the equations
  line$ = FNinput(eqn%)
UNTIL INSTR(line$, "Coder-") = 1 OR EOF# eqn%
IF EOF# eqn% THEN
  PRINT "File error, no equations defined. Press any key to exit."
  IF GET QUIET : REM we're not doing any more, so close the window
ENDIF
PRINTTAB(0,1) " Coder : ";line$ : REM this is the filter title
Yr = VAL(FNinput(eqn%)) : REM coding equation coefficients
Yg = VAL(FNinput(eqn%))
Yb = VAL(FNinput(eqn%))
Cb = VAL(FNinput(eqn%))
Cr = VAL(FNinput(eqn%))
CLOSE# eqn% : REM done with the equations file

REM routine to get the input BMP file name for processing.

in%=0 : REM this is going to be the input file handle
infile$="" : REM and this will be the file name
out%=0 : REM this is going to be the output file handle
outfile$="" : REM and this will be the file name

DIM of% 75,ff% 255,fn% 255 : REM byte arrays needed for windows OpenFile routine
!of%=76 : of%!4=@hwnd% : of%!12=ff% : of%!28=fn%
of%!32=256 : of%!52=6 : REM BB4W stuff for windows GetOpenFile routine
$fn% = CHR$(0) : REM this is going to be the file name
$ff% = "YUV 422 image file (*.bmp)" + CHR$0 + "*.bmp" + CHR$0 + CHR$0
SYS "GetOpenFileName", of% TO in%
IF in% THEN
  infile$ = FNnullterm$(fn%)
  outfile$ = LEFT$(infile$, LEN(infile$) - 4) + "-rgb.bmp"
  PRINTTAB(0,5) " Input YUV (4:2:2) file = " infile$
  PRINTTAB(0,7) " Output RGB file = " outfile$
ELSE
  PRINTTAB(0,9) " Programme aborted at GetOpen, press any key to exit."
  IF GET QUIET : REM we're not doing any more, so close the window
ENDIF

PRINTTAB(0,11) " The input file is assumed to be organised as 4:4:4 YUV, Cb in the B plane,"
PRINTTAB(0,12) " Y in the G plane, Cr in the R plane."

REM Now we can get on with it ...

in% = OPENUP infile$ : REM open YUV bitmap file for reading

IF CHR$(BGET# in%) + CHR$(BGET# in%) <> "BM" THEN
  PRINTTAB(0,14) " This isn't a Windows bitmap file, press any key to exit."
  IF GET QUIET : REM we're not doing any more, so close the window
ENDIF

PTR# in% = 10 : start% = FNget4(in%) : REM size of the header block, where image data starts
PTR# in% = 18 : wide% = FNget4(in%) : REM image width in pixels
PTR# in% = 22 : high% = FNget4(in%) : REM image height in lines
PTR# in% = 0 : REM reset ready to start copying the header block

out% = OPENOUT outfile$ : REM open new file for RGB output
FOR p% = 1 TO start% : REM copy the header block from input to output file
  BPUT# out%, BGET# in%
NEXT

REM now we can do the actual conversion.

U = 0 : REM Cb value
V = 0 : REM Cr value
W = 0 : REM Y' value

FOR y% = 1 TO high%
  PTR# in% = FNptr(0, y%, wide%, high%, 3) + start% : REM beware, images are stored inverted in BMP files
  PTR# out% = FNptr(0, y%, wide%, high%, 3) + start% : REM each line in turn
  FOR x% = 1 TO wide%
    U = FNUvdac(BGET# in%) : Y = FNdac(BGET# in%) : V = FNUvdac(BGET# in%) : REM the YUV values
    B = U / Cb + Y : R = V / Cr + Y
    G = (Y - Yr * R - Yb * B) / Yg
    BPUT# out%, FNdac(B) : BPUT# out%, FNdac(G) : BPUT# out%, FNdac(R)
  NEXT
  PRINTTAB(0,14) " Processing line ";y%
NEXT
CLOSE# in% : REM finished with input file
CLOSE# out% : REM finished with output file

PRINTTAB(0,16) " Do you want to load the file for viewing now? (N = exit) "
IF INSTR("Nn", GET$) : QUIET : REM we're not loading it, so close the window

aspect = wide% / high% : REM image aspect ratio

scale=1 : REM scale factor for loaded bitmap file
r% = 1 : REM flag for "OK"
SYS "GetSystemMetrics", 0 TO wscreen% : REM get the screen width for the actual computer display
SYS "GetSystemMetrics", 1 TO hscreen% : REM and height
IF wide%>wscreen% OR high%>hscreen%-65 THEN
  SYS "MessageBox", @hwnd%, "File too big for the display, scale and load it anyway (colours may be wrong)?", "Load BMP File", 32+1 TO r%
  scale = FNmax(wide% / wscreen%, high% / (hscreen% - 65))
  IF r%=1 THEN
    SYS "SetWindowText", @hwnd%, FNname(outfile$)
  ELSE
    PRINT " Process aborted at file loading stage. Press any key to exit."
    IF GET QUIET : REM we're not doing any more, so close the window
  ENDIF
ENDIF

REM set a screen mode to accommodate the image file, this is windows stuff

DIM rc% 15 : REM data block for screen window size
VDU 23, 22, high% / scale * aspect; high% / scale; 8, 16, 16, 0 : REM don't ask, just don't ask :-)
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SYS "PatBlt", @memhdc%, 0, 0, 1600, 1200, &FF0062
SYS "GetSysColor", 5 TO f% : REM look up system colours
COLOUR 15, f%, f%>>8, f%>>16 : REM define colour 15 in RGB
SYS "GetClientRect", @hwnd%, rc% : REM get the display screen size
wwindow% = rc%!8 : hwindow% = rc%!12 + 2 : REM size of window after status bar added
COLOUR 128 + 15 : CLS : REM set white as background colour and clear to it
COLOUR 0 : REM black for printing
SYS "GetWindowLong", @hwnd%, -16 TO f% : REM get window dimensions
SYS "SetWindowLong", @hwnd%, -16, f% OR &40000 : REM don't lock them
SYS "GetClientRect", @hwnd%, rc% : REM get window size
VDU 26, 28, 1, hwindow% / 16 - 2, wwindow% / 8 - 2, 1 : REM now set the actual display window for the image
IF scale > 1 SYS "SetStretchBltMode", @memhdc%, 3

REM now we can load and display the file

OSCLI "display "" + outfile$ + "" 0,0," + STR$(INT(high% * 2 / scale * aspect)) + "," + STR$(INT(high% * 2 / scale))

END : REM program ends here, but the window stays open

REM These are standard routines

DEF FNnulterm$(A%) : REM return BB4W string from windows string (terminated by null)
LOCAL s$
WHILE ?A% <> 0
  s$ += CHR$(?A%) : A% += 1 : REM strip off characters until the first null
ENDWHILE
=s$

DEF FNinput(A%) : REM read a line of text from the file, throw away non-printing characters
LOCAL l$
INPUT# A%, l$
IF ASC(l$) <= 32 : l$ = MID$(l$,2)
IF ASC(RIGHT$(l$, 1)) <= 32 : l$ = LEFT$(l$, LEN(l$) - 1)
=l$

DEF FNget4(A%) : REM get 4 byte number from file
=FNget2(A%) + 256 * 256 * FNget2(A%)

DEF FNget2(A%) : REM get a 2 byte number from file
=(BGET# A%) + 256 * (BGET# A%)

DEF FNptr(A%,B%,C%,D%,E%) : REM point to pixel at a%,b%, image c%xd%, e% planes
=(D% - B%) * ((E% * C% + E%) DIV 4 * 4) + E% * (A% - 1)

DEF FNadc(A) : REM YRGB coder quantiser, return digits
LOCAL A%
A% = 16 + 219 * A
IF A% > 255 : =255
= A%

DEF FNdac(A) : REM undo coder YRGB digitising, return analogue
=(A - 16) / 219

DEF FNUvdac(A) : REM undo coder UV digitising, return analogue
= (A - 128) / 224

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